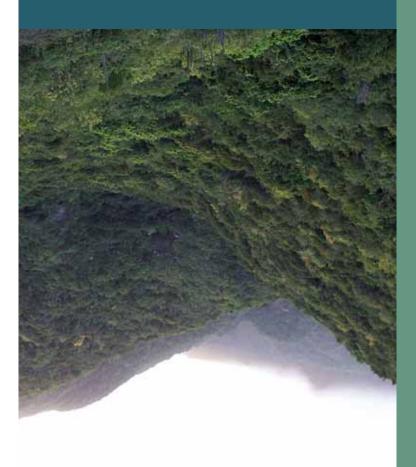
within Montserrat's Centre Hills and management of natural resources Enabling the effective conservation



20-90-2710-076

Registered charity no 207076

Produced by the RSPB, the BirdLife partner in the UK.

Photos: Front cover – CHP

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Montana State University South Dakota State University Additional research and support is provided by: GIS Centre, Physical Planning Unit



collaboration between seven partner organisations, including: The project is funded by the Darwin Initiative, and is a Staff collecting plants in the field

effective management strategy. people will be considered and included in an public. In this way, the interests of both wildlife and to those working in the Centre Hills to the general society, from political leaders and technical experts, natural resource management involves all levels of The integrated approach to conservation and

many uses both within the project and in the wider integrated into the national GIS system will have and the natural environment. Data collected and identify areas of potential conflict between humans and biological resources of the area can help to maps of land use, land ownership, physical features greatly assists in planning. Being able to combine characteristics of the Centre Hills in a way that project is able to illustrate features and Using Geographic Information Systems (GIS), the

crifical part of the planning process. species. Understanding these interactions is a regeneration and the breeding capacity of certain suspected of having a major effect on tree invasive species on wildlife. In particular, rats are of interest, another is in measuring the impact of project. Understanding forest hydrology is one area forest functions is another important area of the Ecological research into relevant aspects of how the

Hills Project Montserrat Centre

Centre Hills and the wildlife of Montserrat: finding a way forward

Since 1995, major volcanic activity has destroyed much of Montserrat's natural environment. Today, the Centre Hills are home to the largest intact area of forest remaining on Montserrat. It is the last viable enclave for most of the island's wildlife, including those of global conservation concern such as the critically threatened Montserrat oriole, galliwasp lizard, 'mountain chicken' frog and an endemic orchid. The Centre Hills also provide essential environmental goods and services to the people of Montserrat. They contain the main water catchments on the island and provide protection from soil erosion, landslides and flooding during severe weather events.

The Centre Hills are under increasing threat as the island's infrastructure is rebuilt in the north. The reduction in available land is placing increasing pressure on Montserratians to convert previously natural areas for agriculture and housing. Additionally, the overharvesting of some species; presence of invasive species (eg rats and pigs); soil erosion; and poor condition of trails and access points to natural areas have contributed to habitat fragmentation, habitat degradation and declines in

Students enjoy a tour round the Botanic Gardens

populations of some threatened species. Tourism and development in general can also threaten sustainable manner.

The Centre Hills Project activities relate to six main areas of work.

An assessment of socioeconomic values of land use within the Centre Hills will advise policy makers about these critical factors. The primary socioeconomic uses of the Centre Hills at present are tourism and agriculture, and many visitors to Montserrat spend at least some time walking on the trails within the Centre Hills. Upgrades to the trail system will improve the recreational amenities that the island offers guests and residents alike. Dozens of elevations, and almost everyone enjoys the abundant seasonal fruit crops that the lush rivers and ghauts provide. A small amount of hunting occurs in the area, including the culling of invasive pigs that are encroaching from the volcano exclusion zone to the values of land use within the Centre Hills will advise policy-makers about these critical factors.

Coconuts and other fruits are a prized treat

Review and revision of environmental legislation is

being conducted, as environmental legislation in Montserrat is outdated and does not reflect recent research findings nor the obligations of regional andinternational environmental agreements. Stakeholders involved in extensive consultation will be able to provide information and feedback as to how laws and policies can be improved, and improved environmental legislation will be developed that is modern, relevant, and enforceable.

An outreach programme targets diverse audiences, including politicians, teachers, students, farmers, tourists and the general public. Knowledge, attitudes and behaviour relating to the natural environment will be enhanced, resulting in more environmentally literate and responsible citizens.

complements data collected for years by the Montserrat Forestry Department and associated scientific partners. Research has included work with the Montserrat oriole, 'mountain chicken' frog, birds, reptiles, amphibians, plants, bats and insects. Information about threatened species and habitats is critical in determining where human activities have the most negative impact.

There are many natural features to visit







Protect the unique flora and fauna of Montserrat's Centre Hills!

